



Leaded Inductors

Series/Type: B82144A

The following products presented in this data sheet are being withdrawn.

Ordering Code	Substitute Product	Date of Withdrawal	Deadline Last Orders	Last Shipments
B82144A2984A000		2016-02-26	2016-08-31	2017-02-28
B82144A2535A300		2016-02-26	2016-08-31	2017-02-28
B82144A2305A500		2016-02-26	2016-08-31	2017-02-28



Ordering Code	Substitute Product	Date of Withdrawal	Deadline Last Orders	Last Shipments
B82144A2265A000		2016-02-26	2016-08-31	2017-02-28
B82144A2145A500		2016-02-26	2016-08-31	2017-02-28

For further information please contact your nearest EPCOS sales office, which will also support you in selecting a suitable substitute. The addresses of our worldwide sales network are presented at www.epcos.com/sales.

LBC choke (Large Bobbin Core)
Rated inductance 1 ... 100 000 μ H
Rated current 20 ... 2200 mA

Construction

- Large ferrite drum core
- Winding: enamel copper wire
- Flame-retardant lacquer coating

Features

- Very wide inductance range
- High rated current
- Suitable for wave soldering
- RoHS-compatible

Applications

- RF blocking and filtering
- Decoupling and interference suppression
- For telecommunications (12- or 16-kHz blocking filter), automotive electronics, energy-saving lamps, entertainment electronics

Terminals

- Central axial leads
- Base material CuAg0.1
- Electroplated with nickel and pure tin

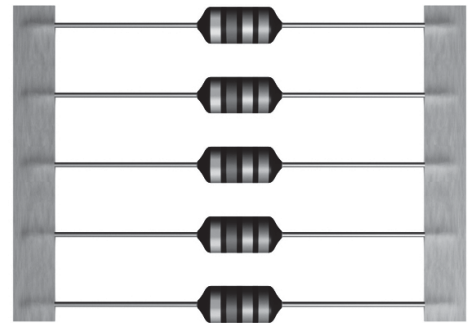
Marking

Inductance indicated by color bands to IEC 60062

Delivery mode and packing units

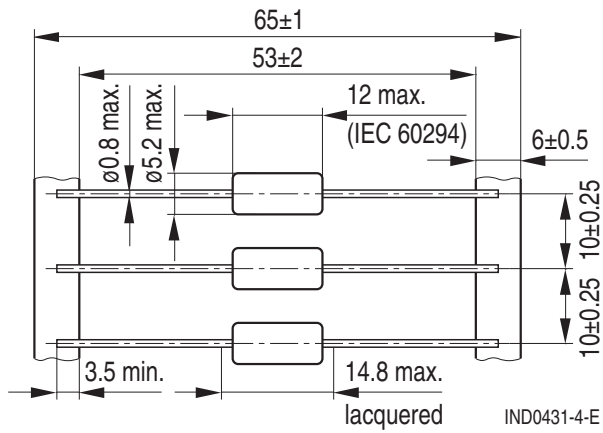
- Taped, Ammo and reel packing
- Packing units:

	Ammo (pcs./pack.)	Reel (pcs./reel)
Axial	1250	1500



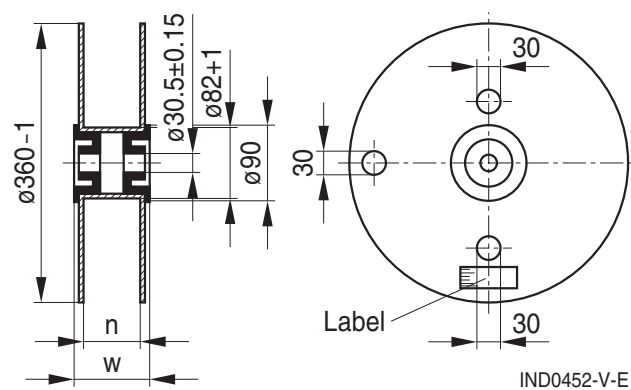
LBC series, 5.2 x 12 (mm)

Dimensional drawing

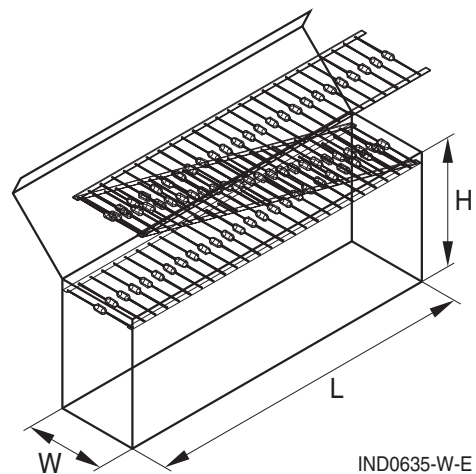


Dimensions in mm
Minimum lead spacing 15 mm

Packing



n (mm): 72 +1
w (mm): 84 max



L × W × H (max. mm): 275 × 80 × 140

Dimensions in mm

Technical data and measuring conditions

Rated inductance L_R	Measured with LCR meter Agilent 4284A or impedance analyzer Agilent 4294A Measuring frequency: $L_R \leq 10 \mu\text{H}$ = 1 MHz $10 \mu\text{H} < L_R \leq 4700 \mu\text{H}$ = 100 kHz $L_R > 4700 \mu\text{H}$ = 10 kHz Measuring current: $\leq 1 \text{ mA}$ Measuring temperature: +20 °C
Q factor $Q_{\min}$	Measured with precision impedance analyzer Agilent 4294A, +20 °C
Rated temperature T_R	+40 °C
Rated current I_R	Maximum permissible DC current at rated temperature
Inductance decrease $\Delta L/L_0$	$\leq 10\%$ (referred to initial value) at I_R , +20 °C
DC resistance $R_{\max}$	Measured at +20 °C
Resonance frequency $f_{\text{res},\min}$	Measured with Agilent 4294A or 8753ES, +20 °C
Solderability (lead-free)	Sn95.5Ag3.8Cu0.7: +(245 ±5) °C, (3 ±0.3) s Wetting of soldering area $\geq 90\%$ (to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta)
Resistance to soldering heat	+(260 ±5) °C, 10 s (to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb)
Tensile strength of leads	$\geq 20 \text{ N}$ (to IEC 60068-2-21, test Ua)
Climatic category	55/125/56 (to IEC 60068-1)
Storage conditions	Mounted: -55 °C ... +125 °C Packaged: -25 °C ... +40 °C, $\leq 75\%$ RH
Weight	Approx. 1.1 g

 Mounting information

When bending the leads, take care that the start-of-winding areas at the face ends (protected by glue and lacquer) are not subjected to any mechanical stress.

Characteristics and ordering codes

L _R μH	Tolerance ¹⁾	Q _{min}	f _Q MHz	I _R mA	R _{max} Ω	f _{res,min} MHz	Ordering code (reel packing) ²⁾
1.0	±10% △ K	40	7.96	2200	0.08	200	B82144A2102K000
1.5		40	7.96	2100	0.09	190	B82144A2152K000
2.2		40	7.96	1900	0.11	140	B82144A2222K000
3.3		40	7.96	1750	0.13	120	B82144A2332K000
4.7		40	7.96	1600	0.16	100	B82144A2472K000
6.8		40	7.96	1500	0.19	80	B82144A2682K000
10		60	2.52	1400	0.22	60	B82144A2103K000
15		60	2.52	1250	0.28	20	B82144A2153K000
22		50	2.52	1100	0.35	12	B82144A2223K000
33	±5% △ J	40	2.52	900	0.43	8.0	B82144A2333J000
47		40	2.52	800	0.50	5.0	B82144A2473J000
68		30	2.52	700	0.60	4.5	B82144A2683J000
100		50	0.796	600	0.70	3.5	B82144A2104J000
150		50	0.796	500	0.90	3.0	B82144A2154J000
220		50	0.796	400	1.60	2.4	B82144A2224J000
330		50	0.796	330	1.90	2.0	B82144A2334J000
470		40	0.796	280	2.50	1.5	B82144A2474J000
680		30	0.796	240	2.80	1.3	B82144A2684J000
1000		60	0.252	200	3.80	1.2	B82144A2105J000
1500		60	0.252	160	6.00	1.0	B82144A2155J000
2200		60	0.252	120	9.00	0.8	B82144A2225J000
3300		60	0.252	110	12.0	0.6	B82144A2335J000
4700		60	0.252	90	20.0	0.5	B82144A2475J000
6800		60	0.252	80	30.0	0.4	B82144A2685J000
10000		50	0.0796	60	42.0	0.35	B82144A2106J000
15000		50	0.0796	50	68.0	0.30	B82144A2156J000
22000		50	0.0796	40	120	0.26	B82144A2226J000
33000		50	0.0796	35	150	0.22	B82144A2336J000
47000		40	0.0796	30	230	0.18	B82144A2476J000
68000		40	0.0796	25	290	0.15	B82144A2686J000
100000		30	0.0796	20	420	0.12	B82144A2107J000

1) Closer tolerances on request.

2) For Ammo pack the last digit has to be a »9«. Example: B82144A2102K009

RF chokes
B82144A
LBC series, 5.2 x 12 (mm)
Characteristics and ordering codes

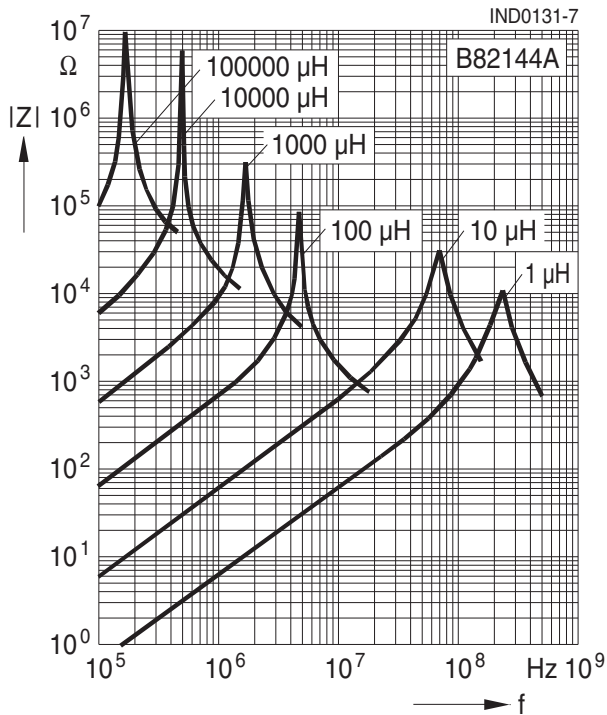
L_R μH	Tolerance	$Q_{\min}$	f_Q MHz	I_R mA	$R_{\max}$ Ω	$f_{\text{res,min}}$ MHz	Ordering code (reel packing) ¹⁾
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For telecommunications in the blocking filter for 12-kHz and 16-kHz counting pulses

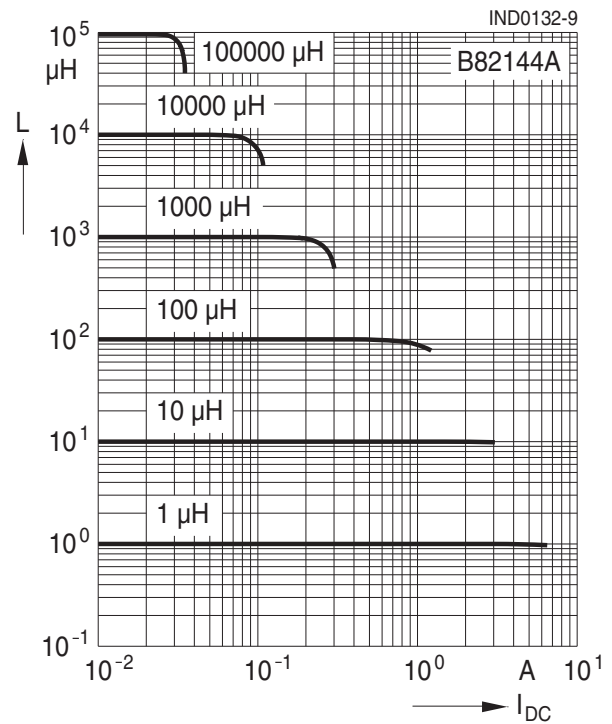
980	$\pm 3\% \triangleq A$	25	0.016	200	3.8	1.2	B82144A2984A000
1450		25	0.016	140	6.0	1.0	B82144A2145A500
2600		20	0.012	120	11.0	0.7	B82144A2265A000
3050		25	0.016	100	12.0	0.6	B82144A2305A500
5330		20	0.012	90	25.0	0.5	B82144A2535A300

¹⁾ For Ammo pack the last digit has to be a »9«. Example: B82144A2336J009

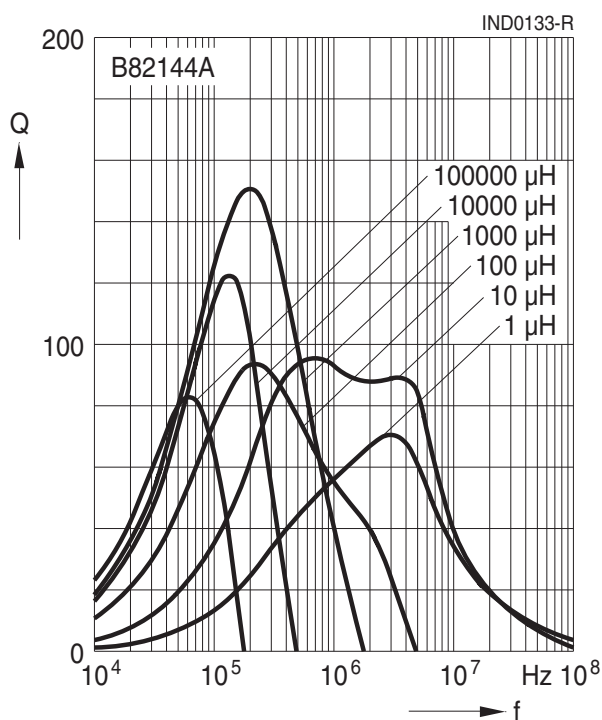
Impedance $|Z|$ versus frequency f
measured with impedance analyzer Agilent 4294A or S-parameter network analyzer Agilent 8753ES, typical values at +20 °C



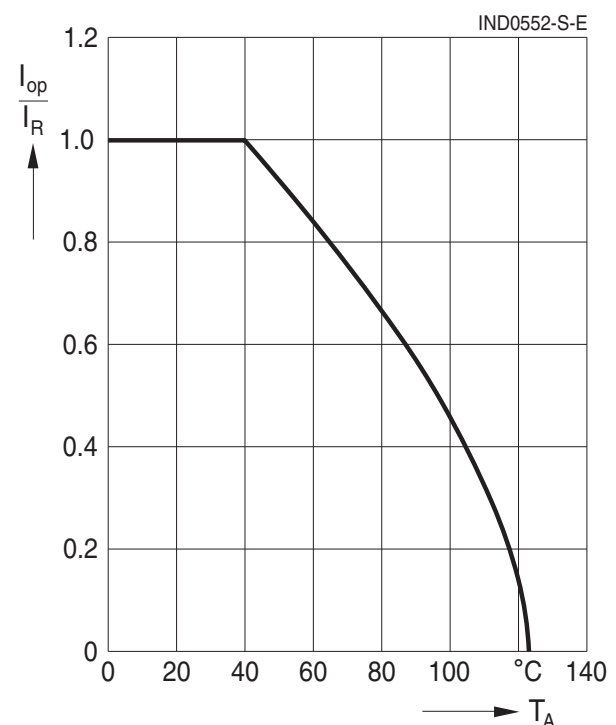
Inductance L versus DC load current I_{DC}
measured with LCR meter Agilent 4284A, typical values at +20 °C



Q factor versus frequency f
measured with impedance analyzer Agilent 4294A, typical values at +20 °C



Current derating I_{op}/I_R versus ambient temperature T_A
(rated temperature $T_R = +40$ °C)



Cautions and warnings

- Please note the recommendations in our Inductors data book (latest edition) and in the data sheets.
 - Particular attention should be paid to the derating curves given there.
 - The soldering conditions should also be observed. Temperatures quoted in relation to wave soldering refer to the pin, not the housing.
- If the components are to be washed varnished it is necessary to check whether the washing varnish agent that is used has a negative effect on the wire insulation, any plastics that are used, or on glued joints. In particular, it is possible for washing varnish agent residues to have a negative effect in the long-term on wire insulation.

Washing processes may damage the product due to the possible static or cyclic mechanical loads (e.g. ultrasonic cleaning). They may cause cracks to develop on the product and its parts, which might lead to reduced reliability or lifetime.
- The following points must be observed if the components are potted in customer applications:
 - Many potting materials shrink as they harden. They therefore exert a pressure on the plastic housing or core. This pressure can have a deleterious effect on electrical properties, and in extreme cases can damage the core or plastic housing mechanically.
 - It is necessary to check whether the potting material used attacks or destroys the wire insulation, plastics or glue.
 - The effect of the potting material can change the high-frequency behaviour of the components.
- Ferrites are sensitive to direct impact. This can cause the core material to flake, or lead to breakage of the core.
- Even for customer-specific products, conclusive validation of the component in the circuit can only be carried out by the customer.

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